OPWDD Guidance Documents with Payment Standards

This guidance document contains payment standards, with all payment standards shaded in grey. Any requirement in this guidance document which is not shaded in grey is a program standard or an explanation, illumination or illustration to aid auditors in interpreting the documents. Please note that there may be instances where materials may be partially shaded in a sentence, paragraph or beneath a header. It is OPWDD’s intent that only those words that are shaded shall be considered part of a payment standard and any other words within a sentence or paragraph or below a header that are not shaded should be construed to be a program standard or an explanation, illumination or illustration to aid auditors in interpreting the document.
ADMINISTRATIVE MEMORANDUM - #2012-01

TO: Executive Directors of Voluntary Provider Agencies
    Executive Directors of MSC Vendors
    DDSO Directors

FROM: Gerald Huber, Deputy Commissioner
      Division of Person-Centered Supports

SUBJECT: Habilitation Plan Requirements

DATE: March 7, 2012

EFFECTIVE DATE: April 1, 2012

Suggested Distribution:

Habilitation Program/Service Staff
Quality/Compliance Staff
Billing Department Staff
MSC Service Coordinators and Service Coordinator Supervisors

Applicability:

This information is applicable for all individuals currently receiving, or seeking to receive habilitation services through the OPWDD service system.

The information in the attached materials is effective April 1, 2012.

Purpose:

Effective April 1, 2012, this Administrative Memorandum (ADM) issued by the Office for People With Developmental Disabilities (OPWDD) describes the Habilitation Plan and the program standards and payment standards of the Habilitation Plan. This ADM also serves to bring Habilitation Plan review processes in line with ISP review processes changed in ADM #2010-04 “Program Standards: Individualized Service Plan (ISP) Format and Timeframes for Review and Distribution.” The requirements in this ADM apply to habilitation plans written or reviewed on or after April 1, 2012, and to the services delivered in accordance with those habilitation plans, whether the services are delivered to individuals who are enrolled in the Home and Community
Based Services (HCBS) waiver or to non-waiver enrolled individuals. Requirements set forth in this Administrative Memorandum supersede OPWDD ADM #2003-03 and provisions of the “Key to Individualized Services” (OPWDD, 1997) related to Habilitation Plans.

Habilitation services include:

(a) Residential Habilitation in certified sites: Individualized Residential Alternative (IRA), Community Residence (CR) and Family Care;
(b) Day Habilitation;
(c) Community Habilitation;
(d) Prevocational Services; and
(e) Supported Employment (SEMP).

This ADM also provides guidelines about the monthly summary note documentation.

**Defining the Habilitation Service and Habilitation Plan:**

Habilitation services are designed to assist participants in acquiring, retaining and improving the self-help, socialization and adaptive skills necessary to reside successfully in home and community-based settings. Habilitation Plans describe what staff (this term includes family care providers) will do to help the person reach his/her valued outcome(s) that have been identified in the Individualized Service Plan (ISP). Habilitation services involve staff teaching a skill, providing supports and exploring new experiences. The regulations that govern habilitation services are 14 NYCRR Parts 624, 633, 635, 671, and 686.

**Habilitation Plan Program Standards:**

The Habilitation Plan Program Standards are designed to provide guidance to service providers regarding the expected level of a quality habilitation service. These standards will be reviewed by OPWDD’s Division of Quality Improvement and may be subject to corrective actions, however, they are not considered to be a specific requirement to justify billing, unless there is a separate standard identified in the Habilitation Plan Payment Standards section below.

**Initial Habilitation Plan**

The initial Habilitation Plan must be written by the habilitation service provider and should be developed in collaboration with the person, their advocate and service coordinator. The initial Habilitation Plan must be written and forwarded to the service coordinator within 60 days of the start of the habilitation service.
General Guidance for Developing the Habilitation Plan

The Individual’s Individualized Service Plan (ISP) describes who the person is, what he/she wants to accomplish and who or what will help the individual to accomplish these things. The details on how this will be accomplished are described in the Habilitation Plan. Therefore, Habilitation Plans are not developed merely by copying information directly from the ISP. It is expected that the ISP and the valued outcomes are the starting point to developing the Habilitation Plan.

The next step to developing the Habilitation Plan is in listening, discovering and understanding the individual. The Habilitation Plan should be a collaborative process between habilitation staff and the individual. When getting to know the individual, habilitation staff should look at the individual’s background, health, lifestyle, habits, relationships, abilities and skills, preferences, accomplishments, challenges, culture, places he or she goes, beliefs, and hopes and dreams. Staff should also ensure that the individual has opportunities for choice, community inclusion, and decision making.

After getting to know the individual and looking at what the individual needs and wants from the habilitation service, the agency should assess an individual’s current skill level by observing the individual and collecting baseline data. After the assessment, the agency determines the methodology for the service(s) and/or support(s) that the agency provides.

It is through this process that the Habilitation provider is able to help the individual reach his/her outcomes and does not just simply continue repeating the past.

Habilitation Plan Reviews

Once the Habilitation Plan has been implemented, the Habilitation Plan must be reviewed at least twice annually. This review is the agency's and the individual’s opportunity to reassess the plan and its services. During this review the habilitation provider should also consider an individual’s progress and the prevention of regression.

The Habilitation Plan review should include discussion on the services and supports that have been provided up to this point and what the challenges have been and what new strategies or methodologies may need to be used. Those reviewing the Habilitation Plan should establish objectives to be met before the next periodic review and establish agreement on those objectives. Finally the review should include recognition of the accomplishments that the individual has achieved since the last review.

Revised Habilitation Plans, which are also written by the habilitation service provider, must be sent to the person’s service coordinator no more than 30 days after either: (a) an ISP review date, or (b) the date on which the habilitation service provider makes a significant change in the Habilitation Plan. If the habilitation provider fails to send the Habilitation Plan within the 30 day time frame, the habilitation provider is then responsible for distributing the Habilitation Plan to the service...
coordinator and all other required parties including other Waiver Service Providers, the individual being served and/or his/her advocate.

Each Habilitation Plan must be reviewed and revised as necessary when there is a significant change in the habilitation service. At a minimum, the Habilitation Plan must be reviewed (and revised as necessary) at least twice annually and should be coordinated with the ISP reviews. It is recommended that these occur at six month intervals. At least annually, one of the Habilitation Plan reviews must be conducted at the time of the ISP meeting arranged by the person's service coordinator. This meeting should include the individual, the advocate, and all other major service providers.

Four Required Sections of the Habilitation Plan

Every Habilitation Plan must include the following sections:

1) Identifying information. This must include the individual's name, the individual's Medicaid ID number, the name of the habilitation provider, identification of the habilitation service, the review date, and any other information that the agency deems useful.

2) Valued Outcomes. The person’s valued outcome(s) are derived from the ISP. The habilitation service must relate to at least one of the individual’s valued outcomes. Using these valued outcomes as a starting point, the Habilitation Plan describes the actions that will enable the person to reach the particular valued outcome(s). A single Habilitation Plan may address one or more valued outcomes.

3) Staff Services and Supports. A Habilitation Plan is individualized by using the person’s valued outcomes as a starting point. The Habilitation Plan must address one or more of the following strategies for service delivery: skill acquisition/retention, staff support, or exploration of new experiences. The strategies are discussed below. The habilitation service provider should use its best judgment, and in consultation with the person and his/her service coordinator, decide which service strategies are to be addressed in the Habilitation Plan. The Habilitation Plan must be specific enough to enable new habilitation service staff to know what they must do to implement the person’s Habilitation Plan.

   a. Skill Acquisition/retention describes the services staff will carry out to make a person more independent in some aspect of life. Staff assess the person’s current skill level, identify a method by which the skill will be taught and measure progress periodically. The assessment and progress may be measured by observation, interviewing staff or others who know the person well, and/or by data collection.
Skill acquisition/retention activities should be considered in developing the Habilitation Plan. Further advancement of some skills may not be reasonably expected for certain people due to a medical condition, advancing age or the determination that the particular skill has been maximized due to substantial past efforts. In such instances, based on an appropriate assessment by members of the habilitation service delivery team, activities specified in the Habilitation Plan can be directed to skill retention.

b. Staff Supports are those actions that are provided by the habilitation staff when the person is not expected to independently perform a task without supervision and are essential to preserve the person’s health or welfare, or to reach a valued outcome. Examples are assistance with personal hygiene or activities of daily living. Staff oversight of the person’s health and welfare is also a part of the habilitation service (e.g., when staff accompanies people in the community or provides first aid).

c. Exploration of new experiences is an acceptable component of the Habilitation Plan when based on an appropriate review by the habilitation service provider. Learning about the community and forming relationships often require a person to try new experiences to determine life directions. This trial and error process eventually enables the person to make informed choices and, consequently, to identify new valued outcomes that then become part of the ISP and the Habilitation Plan.

4) Safeguards. The safeguards delineated in Section 1 of the ISP are used as the starting point for the habilitation service provider. Safeguards are necessary to provide for the person’s health and safety while participating in the habilitation service. All habilitation staff supporting the person must have knowledge of the person’s safeguards. Either including the safeguards in the Habilitation Plan or referencing the safeguards in an attached document is acceptable. For additional information on safeguards, see the memorandum “Supporting Individuals to Achieve Personal Safety and Wellbeing” issued on 10/17/2011 and is available on the OPWDD website at www.opwdd.ny.gov.

a. Safeguards for persons receiving IRA Residential Habilitation must be addressed in the individual’s Plan for Protective Oversight in accordance with 14 NYCRR Section 686.16. The individual’s Plan for Protective Oversight must be attached to the IRA Residential Habilitation Plan.

b. For all other habilitation services (Residential Habilitation in Family Care and Community Residences, Community Habilitation, Day Habilitation, Prevocational Services, Consolidated Supports and Services, and Supported Employment) safeguards must be included in the Habilitation Plan or the plan must reference other documentation that specifies the safeguards. Information on the safeguards must be readily available to the habilitation service provider staff.
For example:

i. A safeguard *included* in the Habilitation Plan for a person with exercise-induced asthma might state that he or she must use an inhaler prior to any physical activity.

ii. The Habilitation Plan might *reference* the nutritional plan notebook located in the program office, which contains information on the individual’s food allergies.

c. As required in 14 NYCRR Part 633, the medication records are distinct and separate from the Habilitation Plan. The Habilitation Plan references the medication records as containing important health related information when applicable. If the habilitation service provider is teaching the person to self-administer medication, that activity and methodology should appear in the Habilitation Plan.

d. Providers of residential habilitation must have written procedures for providing back-up supports to individuals when the absence of the provider’s regularly scheduled staff would pose a threat to the person’s health or safety. For IRAs, this information must be included in site-specific Plans for Protective Oversight and in Individual Plans for Protective Oversight as appropriate.

**Habilitation Plan Format**

An optional Habilitation Plan Format has been issued with this Memorandum. Providers may use this format or create their own; however, the Habilitation Plan must include the minimum information as described in this ADM. Habilitation providers are expected to write plans that not only include the information required by this memorandum, but also clearly communicate information to the habilitation staff and illustrate the steps staff are taking to address an individual’s needs.

**Habilitation Plan Payment Standards:**

The following standards define the documentation which must be retained to support a service claim by the provider.
For every habilitation service, an individual must have a Habilitation Plan that contains the following elements:

1) The individual’s name.
2) The individual’s Medicaid Identification Number (CIN), if the person is a Medicaid enrollee.
3) The habilitation service provider’s agency name.
4) Identification of the habilitation service(s) provided.
5) The date on which the Habilitation Plan was reviewed.
6) Identification of at least one valued outcome that is derived from the individual’s ISP (valued outcomes do not need to be verbatim from the ISP).
7) Description of the services and supports the habilitation staff will provide to the person.
8) The safeguards (health and welfare) that will be provided by the habilitation service provider.
9) The printed name, signature and title of the staff who wrote the Habilitation Plan.
10) The date that staff signed the Habilitation Plan.

In addition, there must be evidence that the Habilitation Plan was reviewed within 12 months prior to the month in which the service occurs. Evidence of a review may include but is not limited to a review sign-in sheet, a service note indicating a review, or a revised/updated Habilitation Plan. Evidence of reviews must include:

1) The individual’s name.
2) The habilitation service(s) under review.
3) The staff’s signature(s) from the habilitation service.
4) The date of the staff’s signature.
5) Date of the review.

Service Claim Documentation

As noted, the initial Habilitation Plan must be in place within 60 days of the start of the habilitation service. Therefore, services that are provided within the first 60 days of the start of the habilitation service may not necessarily have a Habilitation Plan in place.

Habilitation Plans with Multiple Services

Habilitation Plans may include multiple habilitation services (such as residential habilitation, day habilitation, prevocational services, and SEMP), if the services are all provided by the same agency.

For Habilitation Plans that incorporate multiple habilitation services, the Habilitation Plan must have a separate section that describes the supports and services associated with each service.
When the same support/service is delivered in multiple habilitation services, the service/staff action must be identified in each supports and services section of the Habilitation Plan.

For each habilitation service described on the Habilitation Plan, one staff from each habilitation service should assist with writing the plan and include his/her name, title, signature, and signature date on the Habilitation Plan. Evidence of a habilitation review must include a staff signature from each habilitation service.

Documentation Retention

18 NYCRR Section 504.3(a) states that by enrolling in the Medicaid program, “the provider agrees...to prepare and to maintain contemporaneous records demonstrating its right to receive payment under the medical assistance program and to keep for a period of six years from the date the care, services or supplies were furnished, all records necessary to disclose the nature and extent of services furnished and all information regarding claims for payment submitted by, or on behalf of, the provider and to furnish such records and information, upon request, to...the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services, the Deputy Attorney General for Medicaid Fraud Control and the New York State Department of Health.” In addition, 18 NYCRR Section 517.3(b)(2) states that “All information regarding claims for payment submitted by or on behalf of the provider is subject to audit for a period of six years from the date the care, services or supplies were furnished or billed, whichever is later...” It should be noted that there are other entities with rights to audit Medicaid waiver claims as well, including OPWDD.

Additional Information

For additional information about the Habilitation Plan, please contact OPWDD Division of Person-Centered Supports at (518) 474-5647.

cc: Provider Associations
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Attachments: Habilitation Plan Template