

# OPWDD Fire Safety Level One Post Test



Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Title: \_\_\_\_\_

DDSO / Agency: \_\_\_\_\_

Work Location: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

1. The most important single element of individual fire safety is
  - a. A proper evacuation plan
  - b. Staff education and actions
  - c. Fire sprinklers in the home
  - d. Fire department response
2. The number of people killed by fire in the U.S. each year is
  - a. 100 - 500
  - b. 1000 - 2000
  - c. 3000 - 4000
  - d. 5000 - 6000
3. Individuals in the OPWDD demographic are
  - a. less likely to die in fire than the general population
  - b. have about the same likelihood of dying in fire as the general population
  - c. more likely to die in fire than the general population
  - d. not separately analyzed in fire statistics
4. Of all disasters in the U.S., a person is most likely to die in a \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. tornado
  - b. fire
  - c. earthquake
  - d. hurricane
5. The most significant factor in the cause and spread of fire is
  - a. lightweight construction
  - b. human error
  - c. synthetic materials
  - d. understaffed fire departments
6. The risk of dying in fire is greatest in





- a. a business
- b. wild fires
- c. a school or college
- d. one's home

7. Which one of the following characteristics of fire does not impact staff decisions related to prevention and evacuation

- a. deadly smoke and gases
- b. speed of development
- c. heat
- d. type of building

8. The order of fire prevention goals is

- a. property conservation, life safety, continuity of operations
- b. property conservation, continuity of operations, life safety
- c. life safety, continuity of operations, property conservation
- d. life safety, property conservation, continuity of operations

9. The most important firefighting anyone can do is

- a. becoming an effective fire department member
- b. using a fire extinguisher properly
- c. preventing the fire
- d. using a fire suppression hoseline

10. Because fire is understandable and predictable it is

- a. preventable
- b. interesting
- c. dangerous
- d. unavoidable

11. The number one cause of home fires is

- a. electricity
- b. smoking
- c. poor housekeeping
- d. cooking

12. When using a barbeque grill, fire safety requires

- a. keeping the grill well away from the residence
- b. never using a grill under any overhang or covering or in a garage or shed
- c. never leaving an operating grill unattended
- d. All of the above

13. The following are indicators of an overloaded electrical circuit, which may cause a fire **except**

- a. an extension cord that is warm to the touch





- b. many outlets in a single room
- c. dimming lights when an appliance is turned on or starts
- d. a high demand, high load appliance supplied by a lightweight extension cord

14. The single behavior **most** likely to prevent a fire in a clothes dryer is
- a. unplugging the dryer between uses
  - b. using the dryer only on low temperatures
  - c. keeping lint filters and vent ducts clean
  - d. not using the dryer without a cool down period between loads

15. Those in a position to make the greatest difference in Individual's survival if a fire occurs are
- a. on scene staff members
  - b. trained emergency managers
  - c. emergency medical personnel
  - d. properly equipped firefighters

16. The most essential element of response to any fire alarm or discovered fire is
- a. evacuation
  - b. fire department notification
  - c. supervisor notification
  - d. an attempt to locate and extinguish the fire

17. The greatest benefit of properly performed and documented evacuation drills is
- a. meeting agency requirements
  - b. contributing to increased funding
  - c. embedding proper behaviors in the responses of participants
  - d. accounting for staff

18. At each work location it is critical for staff to know all of the following **except**
- a. the distance the fire department must travel to the home
  - b. the evacuation plan for the house
  - c. the layout of the house and exit locations
  - d. the location of each individual and his or her capability and evacuation needs

19. Life Safety Code evacuation capability categories demand that the person or group be demonstrated to be able to "move \_\_\_\_\_ to a point of safety"
- a. correctly
  - b. quickly
  - c. together





d. reliably

20. Which of the following is not a correct action as presented in the R.A.C.E. acronym?

- a. R - remove all persons in imminent danger to safety
- b. A - assemble individuals at the meeting place
- c. C - close doors to prevent the spread of smoke and fire
- d. E - evacuate

21. In deciding to, or not to, attempt to rescue an Individual from a fire emergency the first consideration must be

- a. how far away the Individual is from the exit
- b. personal safety of the staff member
- c. the number of staff members available to assist
- d. the Individual's E-score

22. Completion of evacuation drill report forms must be

- a. accurate
- b. timely
- c. unaltered
- d. all of the above

23. The meeting place for Individuals who are evacuated should be

- a. a safe distance from the residence
- b. known by all staff working the shift
- c. well out of the way of fire department response and operations
- d. all of the above

24. The responding fire department can be reasonably expected to

- a. provide response for fire suppression
- b. aid in Individual's evacuation
- c. provide assistance at the assembly point
- d. provide Individual's transportation after the incident

25. The best way to know fire department capabilities for a given location is to

- a. assume all departments provide the same level of service
- b. Google the department's website to learn its capabilities
- c. contact the local fire chief to ask capabilities and suggest joint training
- d. contact the New York State Office of Fire Prevention and Control for response statistics and resources lists

26. Staff members may assist the fire department by



- a. providing building and systems information
- b. reporting evacuation progress
- c. reporting Individuals that may be in safe areas or need evacuation assistance
- d. all of the above

